

The Insider information policy

The Board of Directors has been aware of the importance of good corporate governance. In order to run a business with transparency and prevent seeking individual benefit from the use of insider information which not disclose to the public, the Company, therefore, set the insider information policy as follows:

- Educated Directors, executives, the management in accounting and finance and employees about related legal and regulatory in order to be a pattern for them to follow strictly.
- 2. Educated Directors, executives and auditor, including the management in accounting and finance about duty of initial reporting on their securities holding in the Company also their spouse, people who live and cohabit together as husband and wife, their minor child and juristic person that they held shares more than 30 percent of all eligible vote according to section 59 to the Securities and Exchange Commission and penalties according to section 275, section 281/10 and section 317/4 of Securities and Exchange Act B.E. 2535.
- 3. Directors, executives and auditor, including the management in accounting and finance, are always required to initially report on their securities holding in the Company also their spouse, people who live and cohabit together as husband and wife, their minor child and juristic person that they held shares more than 30 percent of all eligible vote to company secretary before send to the Securities and Exchange Commission within 30 days of the date on which they are appointed. They are also required to report on any changes in securities holdings as a result of the purchase, sale, transfer or acceptance of transfer of securities within 3 business days of the date of any changes.
- 4. Directors, executives and auditor, including the management in accounting and finance, employees and any related persons who acknowledge the significant insider information which may affect to the change of securities' pricing, shall be prohibited from trading Company's shares as well as be prohibited from disclose significant insider information to anyone at that time and prior to the release of the Company's financial statements or financial status and the Company's status until the release of the



- Company's disclosure. The Company shall inform all concerned persons in writing of the silent period, which is at least 30 days prior to the release of the Company's disclosure, and 24 hours after the release.
- 5. Penalties for insider trading shall be imposed for any breaches e.g. caution, suspension and dismissal depends on intention and effect of the action. Moreover, violation of the prohibition on insider trading can result in a prison sentence and civil and criminal fines for the individuals and the entities who commit the violation.